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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/902,274	07/11/2001	James X. Kong	80168-0237	8343
32658 75	590 01/08/2004		EXAMINER	
HOGAN & HARTSON LLP			CORRIELUS, JEAN M	
ONE TABOR (1200 SEVENT	CENTER, SUITE 1500 EEN ST.)	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DENVER, CO	80202		2172	. 6
			DATE MAILED: 01/08/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			1
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	7
	09/902,274	KONG, JAMES X.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jean M Corrielus	2172	
The MAILING DATE of this communi Period for Reply	cation appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOTHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30 - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum state - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply a - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repunication. or and the statutory minimum of thirty tutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI will, by statute, cause the application to become ABA	ly be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. IS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	d on		
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL .	b) This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition to closed in accordance with the practic	for allowance except for formal matte ce under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restrict	e withdrawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to	a) accepted or b) objected to be tion to the drawing(s) be held in abeyanc the correction is required if the drawing(s	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	for foreign priority under 25 II S.C. S	110(a) (d) ar (f)	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority of the priority of the certified copies of the priority of the certified copies of the certified copies of application from the Internation * See the attached detailed Office action 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for since a specific reference was included 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign land 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for reference was included in the first sent.	documents have been received. documents have been received in Ap of the priority documents have been re nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). In for a list of the certified copies not re or domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § If in the first sentence of the specificat guage provisional application has been or domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §	plication No eceived in this National Stage eceived. 119(e) (to a provisional application ion or in an Application Data Shee en received. § 120 and/or 121 since a specific	
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pa	「O-948) 5) ☐ Notice of Info	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) rmal Patent Application (PTO-152) .	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on October 21, 2003 in which claims 1-24 are presented for further examination.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-24 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The information disclosure statement filed on July 11, 2001 (paper no. 2) complies with the provisions of M.E.P.. § 609. It has been placed in the application file. The information referred to therein has been considered as to the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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5. Claims 1-4, 9-17 and 22-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leung et al (hereinafter "Leung") US Patent no. 6,339,768 in view of Berenson et al., US Patent no.

6,356,887 (hereinafter "Berenson").

As to claim 1, Leung discloses the claimed "using a code to create a condition filter in a standard query language statement, the condition filter defining properties to be satisfied by a result of the query, and the condition filter using an object to execute a recompiled query language statement" as a program code contains the host language in which input to a pre-compile, wherein the generated compiled set of runtime structures called an application plan from the compiled SQL statement and wherein the program code received as input specify only the desired data, but not how to retrieve the data (col.5, lines 6-35). Leung does not explicitly discloses the use wherein the recompiled query language statement is executed multiple times without being recompiled. However, Leung discloses the used of precompiling a program source code, wherein the source code is inputted to a precompile and outputted a modified source module and a database request module, so the modified source code contains host language calls to DB2 which the precompile source code is inserted in place of SQL statements. Leung also discloses a compile and link-edit that uses the modified source module to produce a load module, while an optimize and bind operation uses the database request module to produce a compiled set of runtime structure for the application plan (col.5, lines 10-25). On the other hand, Berenson discloses an analogous system that transforms a database query into a parameterized basic query form by replacing any constant values in the query with parameters. In particular, Berenson discloses the claimed "wherein the recompiled query language statement is executed

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multiple times without being recompiled" as a means for executing a query language statement multiple times without having to be recompiled (col.1, lines 22-38). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of the cited references because the auto-parameterization process disclosed by Berenson would allow Leung's system the enhanced capability of allowing multiple query language statement to be executed thereby avoiding multiple recompilation of a query statement while not incurring the overhead of stored procedures. Leung also does not explicitly disclose the use of "sending the standard query language statement to a database". However, Leung states that the SQL interface allows users to manipulate the data, wherein each operator operates on either one or two tables and produces a new table and wherein the SQL statement contains a search condition, wherein the search condition is processed according to the specification in the SELECT clause.

Berenson, on the order hand, discloses the claimed "sending the standard query language statement to a database" by combining the SELECT-FROM-WHERE of standard query language as a basic structure for query statements with the set valued function of the host language ans using the SQL query to retrieve information from the database (col.5, lines 20-38). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of the cited references because the auto-parameterization process disclosed by Berenson would allow Leung's system the enhanced capability of allowing multiple query language statement to be executed thereby avoiding multiple recompilation of a query statement while not incurring the overhead of stored procedures.

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As to claims 2, 10 and 13, Leung discloses the claimed "wherein data values in the condition filter

are replaced with question mark" and a corresponding data value list is created" (col.6, lines 45-67).

As to claim 3, 11, Leung discloses the claimed "wherein the code includes a tree data structure"

wherein the query statement (code) is a graph model (col.9, lines 4-15).

As to claim 4, Leung and Berenson disclose substantially the invention as claimed. However, Leung

does not explicitly disclose the claimed "wherein the code includes LIKE, AND, and OR operators".

On other hand, Berenson discloses the claimed "wherein the code includes LIKE, AND, and OR

operators" (col.9, line 58-col.12, line 65). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill

in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of the cited references because

the auto-parameterization process disclosed by Berenson would allow Leung's system the enhanced

capability of allowing multiple query language statement to be executed thereby avoiding multiple

recompilation of a query statement while not incurring the overhead of stored procedures.

As to claim 9, Leung discloses the claimed "using an application programing interface to create a

standard query language statement, the condition filter defining properties to be satisfied by a result

of the query (SQL) WHERE clause statement in a SQL statement and to pass the SQL WHERE

clause statement to a persistent object framework (POF)" as a program code contains the host

language in which input to a pre-compile, wherein the generated compiled set of runtime structures

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called an application plan from the compiled SQL statement and wherein the program code received as input specify only the desired data, but not how to retrieve the data (col.5, lines 6-35). Leung does not explicitly disclose the use of "sending the SQL statement to a database, wherein the SQL WHERE clause statement includes a condition filter uses a Prepared statement object, and wherein the SQL statement is executed multiple times without being recompiled". However, Leung states that the SQL interface allows users to manipulate the data, wherein each operator operates on either one or two tables and produces a new table and wherein the SQL statement contains a search condition, wherein the search condition is processed according to the specification in the SELECT clause. On the other hand, Berenson discloses an analogous system that transforms a database query into a parameterized basic query form by replacing any constant values in the query with parameters. In particular, Berenson discloses the claimed "sending the standard query language statement to a database" by combining the SELECT-FROM-WHERE of standard query language as a basic structure for query statements with the set valued function of the host language ans using the SOL query to retrieve information from the database (col.5, lines 20-38) and "wherein the SQL WHERE clause statement includes a condition filter uses a Prepared statement object, and wherein the SOL statement is executed multiple times without being recompiled" as a means for executing a query language statement multiple times without having to be recompiled (col.1, lines 22-38). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of the cited references because the auto-parameterization process disclosed by Berenson would allow Leung's system the enhanced capability of allowing multiple query language

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statement to be executed thereby avoiding multiple recompilation of a query statement while not incurring the overhead of stored procedures.

As to claim 12, discloses the claimed "creating a condition filter for a standard query language (SQL) WHERE clause statement" as a program code contains the host language in which input to a precompile, wherein the generated compiled set of runtime structures called an application plan from the compiled SQL statement and wherein the program code received as input specify only the desired data, but not how to retrieve the data (col.5, lines 6-35). Leung does not explicitly disclose the use of "passing the condition filter to a persistent object framework, wherein the SQL WHERE clause statement uses a Prepared statement object to request a query". However, Leung states that the SQL interface allows users to manipulate the data, wherein each operator operates on either one or two tables and produces a new table and wherein the SQL statement contains a search condition, wherein the search condition is processed according to the specification in the SELECT clause.

On the other hand, Berenson discloses an analogous system that transforms a database query into a parameterized basic query form by replacing any constant values in the query with parameters. In particular, Berenson discloses the claimed passing the condition filter to a persistent object framework, wherein the SQL WHERE clause statement uses a Prepared statement object to request a query"(col.5, lines 20-38) and "wherein the SQL WHERE clause statement uses a Prepared statement object, and wherein the query is executed multiple times without being recompiled" as a means for executing a query language statement multiple times without having to be recompiled

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(col.1, lines 22-38). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at

the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of the cited references because the auto-

parameterization process disclosed by Berenson would allow Leung's system the enhanced capability

of allowing multiple query language statement to be executed thereby avoiding multiple recompilation

of a query statement while not incurring the overhead of stored procedures.

As to claims 14-17 and 22-24, the limitations of claims 14-17 and 22-24 have been noted in the

rejection claims 1-4. In addition, Leung discloses the claimed 'making a connection with a database"

as a database request module (DBRM) comprises of SQL statement from program codes (col.5, lines

17-24).

6. Claims 5-8 and 18-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leung

et al (hereinafter "Leung") in view of Berenson et al., (hereinafter "Berenson"). as applied to claims

1-4, 9-17 and 22-24 above, and further in view of Thai US Patent no. 5,666,528.

As to claims 5-8 and 18-21, Leung and Berenson disclose substantially the invention as claimed. In

addition Berenson discloses the claimed "wherein the code includes one of IS NULL and IS NOT

NULL functions" (col.10, lines 10-67). Neither Leung nor Berenson discloses the claimed "wherein

the code include some of UPPER, LOWER, and INITCAP functions" and "wherein the code

comprises TO DATE function". On the other hand, Thai, discloses the claimed "wherein the code

includes one of IS NULL and IS NOT NULL functions" as a filter out all the record that does not

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meet the search criteria (col.8, line 30-col.9, line 30); "wherein the code include some of UPPER, LOWER, and INITCAP functions" as a means for converting the text string to uppercase and lower case (col.9, lines 56-67) and "wherein the code comprises TO_DATE function" (col.9, lines 5-67). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of the cited references because the filter conditions disclosed by Thai would allow Leung and Berenson combined's system the enhanced capability of achieving better integration by making codes easier to write and read, thereby improving its versatility and functionality.

Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** See MEP. § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or early communication from the Examiner should directed to **Jean Corrielus** whose telephone number is (703) 306-3035. The Examiner can normally be reached on the weekdays from 7:00am to 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, *Kim Vu*, can be reached on (703)305-9343.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 746-7239, (for formal communications intended for entry)

Or:

(703)746-7240 (for informal or draft communications, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT")
Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2021 Crystal Drive, Arlington.

VA.-Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Patent Examiner

January 5, 2004